

NAME : MRS SHOBHA CHAUHAN

Ref. By : DR. KHUNTE SUSHILA

Address :

38 Years / Female Reg No. : 18815 Reg. Date : 01/08/2022 11:16AM

Collected At : MedZone Center

0.52 -16.0 : 1 - 30 Days

INVESTIGATION REPORT

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

	550117			TEAT METUAR		
TEST	RESULT	<u>UNIT</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	TEST METHOD		
Glucose - Fasting						
Sample Type	: PLASMA - N	NaF				
Blood Glucose-Fasting (Methodology : GOD/POD)	: 77	mg/dl	70 - 110			
Protein Total						
Sample Type	: SERUM					
Protein Total	: 7.0	g/dl	6.0 - 8.5	Biuret		
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)						
Sample Type	: SERUM					
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	: 1.76	µIU/mL	0.37 - 4.8 : Adults 0.46 - 8.1 : 1mon–5 Yrs	Fully Automated Roche E411 (ECL)		

Thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH, thyrotropin) is a glycoprotein having a molecular weight of approx. 30,000 daltons and consisting of two subunits. The beta-subunit carries the TSH-specific immunological and biological information, whereas the alpha-chain carries species-specific information and has an identical amino acid sequence to the alpha-chains of LH, FSH and hCG. TSH is formed in specific basophil cells of the anterior pituitary and is subject to a circardian secretion sequence. The hypophyseal release of TSH (thyrotropic hormone) is the central regulating mechanism for the biological action of thyroid hormones. TSH has a stimulating action in all stages of thyroid hormone formation and secretion; it also has a proliferative effect. The determination of TSH serves as the initial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH level. Accordingly, TSH is a very sensitive and specific parameter for assessing thyroid function and is particularly suitable for early detection or exclusion of disorders in the central regulating circuit between the hypothalamus, pituitary and thyroid. Roche Cobas TSH employs monoclonal antibodies specifically directed against human TSH. The antibodies labeled with ruthenium complex* consist of a chimeric construct from human and mouse-specific components. As a result, interfering effects due to HAMA (human anti-mouse antibodies) are largely eliminated.

METHOD: One-step sandwich and competitive FEIA

INSTRUMENT: TOSHO AIA-360 JAPAN



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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

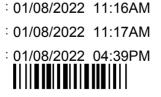
<u>TEST</u>	<u>RESULT</u>	<u>UNIT</u>	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	TEST METHOD
Free T4 (Thyroxine - Free)				
Sample Type	: SERUM			
Free T4 (Thyroxine - Free)	: 1.34	ng/dl	0.48 - 2.32 : 1-30 days	E CLIA
			0.76 - 2.00 : 1-12 mon	
			0.90 - 1.59 : 1-15 yr	
			0.82 - 1.83 : Adults	

The thyroid hormone thyroxine (T4) is physiologically part of the regulating system of the thyroid gland and has an effect on general meta-bolism. The major fraction of the total thyroxine is bound to transport proteins (TBG, prealbumin and albumin). The free thyroxine (fT4) is the physiologically active thyroxine component. The determination of free thyroxine is an important element in clinical routine diagnostics. Free T4 is measured together with TSH when thyroid function disorders are suspected. The determination of fT4 is also suitable for monitoring thyrosuppressive therapy. The determination of free T4 has the advantage of being independent of changes in the concentrations and binding properties of the binding proteins; additional determination of a binding parameter (T-uptake, TBG) is therefore unnecessary. A variety of methods are available for estimating the free thyroid hormone levels. The direct measurement of fT4 and fT3 via equilibrium dialysis or ultrafiltration is mainly used as a reference method for standardizing the indirect procedures generally used for routine diagnostic purposes. In the Elecsys FT4 test the determination of free thyroxine is made with the aid of a specific anti-T4 antibody labeled with a ruthenium complex**. The quantity of antibody used is so small (equivalent to approx. 1–2% of the total T4 content of a normal serum sample) that the equilibrium between bound and unbound T4 remains virtually unaffected.

METHOD: One-step sandwich and competitive FEIA

INSTRUMENT: TOSHO AIA-360 JAPAN

Sample Registered On Sample Received On Report Released On Sample Barcode :



--- End Of Report ---

Dr. VANDANA CHANDANI

Checked By:tulesh



ADVANCE DIAGNOSTICS CENTRE C1-C2/17A, NEAR NIHARIKA TALKIES

KORBA- 495677 PH-09228333 MOBILE-9300888178

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38 Years / Female Reg No. : 18815 Reg. Date : 01/08/2022 11:16AM Collected At : MedZone Center

INVESTIGATION REPORT

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

<u>TEST</u>		RESULT	<u>UNIT</u>		TEST METHOD	
CUE (Complete Urine Examination)						
Sample Type		: URINE				
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	ON :					
Color		: Amber				
Appearence		: hazy				
Reaction (pH)		: 6.3		4.8-7.6		
Specific Gravity		: 1.020		1.002-1.030		
CHEMICAL EXAMINAT	ION :					
Proteins		: trace				
Sugar		: Absent				
MICROSCOPIC EXAMI	NATION :					
Pus (WBC) Cells		: 12-15 /hpf				
Epithelial Cells.		: 3-5 /hpf				
R.B.C		: Absent				
Casts		: Absent				
Crystals		: Absent				
		End Of Rej	port			
Sample Registered On	:01/08/2022 11:16A	M				
Sample Received On	: 01/08/2022 11:17A	M			An.	
Report Released On	: 01/08/2022 01:16F	M			Dr. VANDANA CHANDANI	

Sample Barcode :



Checked By:dharmendra

Dr. VANDANA CHANDANI



ADVANCE DIAGNOSTICS CENTRE C1-C2/17A, NEAR NIHARIKA TALKIES

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 : 01/08/2022 11:16AM

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INVESTIGATION REPORT

HAEMATOLOGY

TEST	<u>RESULT</u>	UNIT	TEST METHOD				
Peripheral Smear Examination (Blood Picture)							
Sample Type	: WB - EDTA						
RBC.	: Mild to Moderate Hypochromia. Microcytes ++,few macrocytic hypochromic cells+ ,few target cells+, elliptocytes+						
	: Anisopoikilocytosis +						
	: No features of haemolysis seen						
WBC	: Normal in frequency & distribution.						
	: No immature cells seen.						
	: Few hypersegmented neutrophils seen.						
Platelet	: Adequate						
Haemoparasite	: No Haemopara Mentzer Index						
IMPRESSION	: S/o predomina	ntly Microcytic hypochromic RBC picture.					

CBP (Complete Blood Picture)

Sample Type	: WB - EDTA	A		
Haemoglobin	: 9.7	gm%	11.5 - 16.0	
Total Erythrocyte Count	: 4.30	M/cmm	4.0 - 6.2	Cell Counter
Hemotocrit (PCV)	: 32.3	Vol %	35.0 - 50.0	
Mean Corpuscular Volume	: 75.1	fL	80 - 100	
Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin	: 22.6	PG	26 - 34	
МСНС	: 30.0	g/L	31 - 35	
RDW	: 15.9	%	11.5 - 14.5	
Total Leucocyte Count.	: 7890	/cumm	4000 - 11000	
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT :				
Neutrophils	: 75	%	40 - 75	
Lymphocytes.	: 19	%	20 - 40	Cell Counter
Monocytes.	: 05	%	2 - 10	Cell Counter
Eosinophils	: 01	%	1 - 6	Cell Counter
Basophils	: 0	%	0 - 1	Cell Counter
Platelet Count	: 166000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	



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INVESTIGATION REPORT

HAEMATOLOGY

<u>TEST</u>		RE	SULT	<u>UNIT</u>	BIOLOGICAL R	EF RANGE TEST METHOD		
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate)								
Sample Type		: P	LASMA -N	a Citrate				
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedim	entation Rate)	: 30)	mm/hr	0 - 20 :1st Hour	Sedimentation me		
			End Of Rep	ort				
Sample Registered On	: 01/08/2022					1		
Sample Received On	: 01/08/2022	11:17AM				Ohr.		
Report Released On	: 01/08/2022	04:39PM				Dr. VANDANA CHANDANI		
Sample Barcode :			Ch	ecked By:d	harmendra			