

C1-C2/17A, NEAR NIHARIKA TALKIES KORBA- 495677 PH-09228333 MOBILE-9300888178

NAME : MRS SATYA DEVI Years / Female Reg No. : 18489

Ref. By : DR CHETAN AGRAWAL Reg. Date : 29/07/2022 08:21AM

Address Collected At: MedZone Center

INVESTIGATION REPORT

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

| <u>TEST</u> | | RESULT | <u>UNIT</u> | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | TEST METHOD | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|--|
| Glucose - Fasting | | | | | | |
| Sample Type | | : PLASMA - NaF | | | | |
| Blood Glucose-Fasting GOD/POD) | (Methodology : | : 80 | mg/dl | 70 - 110 | | |
| LFT (Liver Function Test) | | | | | | |
| Sample Type | | : SERUM | | | | |

Diazoted Sulfanilic **Bilirubin Total** : 0.76 mg/dl Adults : 0.1 - 1.2 New born : 0.1 - 12.6 Diazoted Sulfanilic **Bilirubin Direct** : 0.32 mg/dl Upto 0.4

Bilirubin Indirect 0.3 - 1.0 : 0.44 mg/dl Aspartate Amino Transferase (SGOT) U/L : 19.8 Upto 41

Alanine Amino Transferase (SGPT) U/L Upto 40 : 19.4

Alkaline Phosphatase U/L 1 month to 9 yrs : 82 - 383 : 65.9 10 yrs to 15 yrs : 42 - 390

16 yrs to 18 yrs : 52 - 171

: 53 - 141 Adults : 7.4

Serum Protein gm/dl Serum Albumin gm/dl 3.5 - 5.2: 4.1 Serum Globulin : 3.3 gm/dl 2.5 - 3.5

Alb/Glo Ratio : 1.24 6.0 - 8.3

IFCC without

IFCC without

pyridoxal phosphate

pyridoxal phosphate Diethanolamine

buffer

Biuret

Bromocresol green

1-2

LFT: Liver Function tests are a measurement of blood components that provide a lead to the existence, the extent and the type of liver damage. BILIRUBIN: Bilirubin levels may rise due to hemolysis, failure of conjugating mechanism in the liver, obstruction in the biliary system.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: *Increase in ALP activity is an index of cholestasis, a blockage of bile flow, *Increase may also occur in infiltrative diseases of the liver and cirrhosis

TRANSAMINASES (AST & ALT): *The serum transaminases activities are a measure of the integrity of liver cells. *They are elevated in acute damage to hepatocytes irrespective of etiology. *The causes include – hepatitis, toxic injury, drug overdose, shock, severe hypoxia.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEINS: A decrease in serum total proteins indicates a decrease in the liver's synthetic capacity and thus indicates the severity of the liver disease.

METHOD: Spectrophotometry

INSTRUMENT: BS-400 Fully Automated Chemistry Analyser



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| THYROID PROFILE II | | | | |
| Sample Type | : SERUM | | | |
| Free T3 (Trilodothyronine-Free) | : 2.42 | pg/mL | 1.4 - 5.5 : 1-30 days 2.0 - 6.9 : 1-12 month 2.4 - 6.2 : 1-15 years 2.1 - 3.8 : Adults | E CLIA |
| Free T4 (Thyroxine - Free) | : 1.27 | ng/dl | 0.48 - 2.32 : 1-30 days 0.76 - 2.00 : 1-12 month 0.90 - 1.59 : 1-15 years 0.82 - 1.83 : Adults | |
| TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) | : 4.73 | μIU/mL | 0.37 - 4.8 : Adults 0.46 - 8.1 : 1mon–5 Yrs 0.52 -16.0 : 1 – 30 Days | |

Triiodothyronine is one of the thyroid hormones present in serum which regulate metabolism. Determination of this hormone concentration is important for the diagnostic differentiation of euthyroid, hyperthyroid and hypothyroid states. The major fraction of total triiodothyronine is bound to the transport proteins (TBG, prealbumin, albumin). Free triiodo-thyronine (fT3) is the physiologically active form of the thyroid hormone triiodothyronine (T3). The determination of free T3 has the advantage of being independent of

changes in the concentrations and binding properties of the binding proteins; additional determination of a binding parameter (T-uptake, TBG) is therefore unnecessary. The sequential testing procedure and the use of a labeled antibody reduces the possibility of interference due to altered binding properties of the serum, as can occur with assays employing labeled antigen (analog method). A variety of methods are available for estimating the free thyroid hormone levels. The direct measurement of fT4 and fT3 via equilibrium dialysis or ultrafiltration is mainly used as a reference method for standardizing the immunological procedures generally used for routine diagnostic purposes. In the Roche Cobas FT3 test the determination of free triiodothyronine is made with the aid of a specific anti-T3 antibody labeled with a ruthenium complex**.

The thyroid hormone thyroxine (T4) is physiologically part of the regulating system of the thyroid gland and has an effect on general meta-bolism. The major fraction of the total thyroxine is bound to transport proteins (TBG, prealbumin and albumin). The free thyroxine (fT4) is the physiologically active thyroxine component. The determination of free thyroxine is an important element in clinical routine diagnostics. Free T4 is measured together with TSH when thyroid function disorders are suspected. The determination of fT4 is also suitable for monitoring thyrosuppressive therapy. The determination of free T4 has the advantage of being independent of changes in the concentrations and binding properties of the binding proteins; additional determination of a binding parameter (T-uptake, TBG) is therefore unnecessary. A variety of methods are available for estimating the free thyroid hormone levels. The direct measurement of fT4 and fT3 via equilibrium dialysis or ultrafiltration is mainly used as a reference method for standardizing the indirect procedures generally used for routine diagnostic purposes. In the Elecsys FT4 test the determination of free thyroxine is made with the aid of a specific anti-T4 antibody labeled with a ruthenium complex**. The quantity of antibody used is so small (equivalent to approx. 1–2% of the total T4 content of a normal serum sample) that the equilibrium between bound and unbound T4 remains virtually unaffected.

метнор: One-step sandwich and competitive FEIA

INSTRUMENT: TOSHO AIA-360 JAPAN



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|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|------------------|
| RENAL FUNCTION TEST | | | | |
| Sample Type | : SERUM | | | |
| Blood urea | : 20.6 | mg/dl | 10-40 | Urease UV |
| Serum Creatinine | : 0.68 | mg/dl | 0.5-1.1 | Alkaline Picrate |
| Blood Urea Nitrogen | : 9.62 | mg/dl | 7-21 | |
| Serum Sodium | : 137 | mmol/L | 136-145 | ISE |
| Serum Potassium | : 4.77 | mmol/L | 3.5-5.1 | ISE |
| chloride | : 98.2 | Meq/L | 96-106 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

--- End Of Report ---

Sample Registered On : 29/07/2022 08:21AM

Sample Received On : 29/07/2022 08:22AM

Report Released On : 29/07/2022 05:56PM

Sample Barcode: Checked By:gopal

Dr. VANDANA CHANDANI



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INVESTIGATION REPORT

HAEMATOLOGY

| <u>TEST</u> | <u>RESULT</u> | <u>UNIT</u> | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | TEST METHOD |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------|
| CBP (Complete Blood Picture) | | | | |
| Sample Type | : WB - EDTA | | | |
| Haemoglobin | : 13.5 | gm% | 11.5 - 16.0 | |
| Total Erythrocyte Count | : 4.94 | M/cmm | 4.0 - 6.2 | Cell Counter |
| Hemotocrit (PCV) | : 43.4 | Vol % | 35.0 - 50.0 | |
| Mean Corpuscular Volume | : 87.9 | fL | 80 - 100 | |
| Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin | : 27.3 | PG | 26 - 34 | |
| MCHC | : 31.1 | g/L | 31 - 35 | |
| RDW | : 14.0 | % | 11.5 - 14.5 | |
| Total Leucocyte Count. | : 5570 | /cumm | 4000 - 11000 | |
| DIFFERENTIAL COUNT: | | | | |
| Neutrophils | : 71 | % | 40 - 75 | |
| Lymphocytes. | : 21 | % | 20 - 40 | Cell Counter |
| Monocytes. | : 05 | % | 2 - 10 | Cell Counter |
| Eosinophils | : 03 | % | 1 - 6 | Cell Counter |
| Basophils | : 0 | % | 0 - 1 | Cell Counter |
| Platelet Count | : 214000 | /cmm | 150000 - 450000 | |
| | | | | |

ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate)

Sample Type : PLASMA -Na Citrate

ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate) : 18 mm/hr 0 - 20 :1st Hour Sedimentation me

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Dr. VANDANA CHANDANI